4th Annual CASLA Securities Lending Conference

Fixed Income Panel Discussion

Thursday May 8th, 2014

Toronto, Ontario

- **Moderator:** Nick Chan, BMO Capital Markets
- Panelists:Jeff Benner, Northern TrustCharles Lesaux, RBC Capital MarketsSteve Novo, State StreetChris Tigert, BNY Mellon



CASLA 2014: Fixed Income Repo Panel Discussion

Regulatory Changes

- Basel III
- Opportunities for the industry?

Central Counterparty Clearing Models

- The impact on the repo market

• Scarcity of AAA Rated Collateral in the Financial System

- What are the drivers?
- Is this cyclical or structural? Where do we go from here?



CASLA 2014: Fixed Income Repo Panel Discussion

"The securities-lending market facilitates an increase in overall market liquidity and in the flexibility of financing. It promotes market efficiency by enhancing the price-discovery mechanism in cash securities markets. For these reasons, and because of its role in supporting market-making activities, the securities-lending market has been identified by the Bank of Canada as one of the five core funding markets." ¹

> "The Role of Securities Lending in Market Liquidity", Nadja Dreff The Bank of Canada Financial System Review, June 2010

¹ The other core funding markets are: (i) the market for Government of Canada treasury bills and bonds; (ii) the repo market; (iii) the market for bankers' acceptances; and (iv) spot and swap foreign exchange markets.



Under Basel III, the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision has introduced the following ratios as guidelines with respect to bank funding:

Basel III Leverage Ratio

- Public disclosure begins January 2015, full implementation scheduled for January 2018
- Net Stable Funding Ratio
 - Comment period ended April 11, 2014 and it will become a minimum standard by January 1, 2018



Basel III Leverage Ratio

Leverage Ratio =	Capital Measure
	Exposure Measure

- Capital Measure is defined as Tier 1 Capital
- Exposure Measure is defined as the sum of on-balance sheet exposures, derivatives exposures, securities financing transaction exposures and off-balance sheet exposures.
- Institutions must attain a minimum Basel III Leverage Ratio of 3% by January 1, 2015



- Example calculation for a 1-year repo under Basel III leverage ratio
 - 1-year repo rate 1.05% for 365 days: 239 days fall in calendar
 2014 and 126 days in 2015
 - The repo rate which would reflect the **full** cost of capital under a 3% leverage ratio would be:

	Scenario 1	Scenario 2
	Leverage Ratio @ 3% Cost of Capital @ 15%	Leverage Ratio @ 3% Cost of Capital @ 10%
1-Year Repo Rate	1.205%	1.153%



• Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR)

Available amount of stable funding

Required amount of stable funding

Comment period ended April 11, 2014 and it will become a minimum standard by January 1st, 2018



>= 100%

Regulation: The Unintended Consequences

"Liquidity Trap Hitting AAA Bonds Has ATP CEO Sounding Alarm" – Bloomberg May 1, 2014

"Junk Loans Pulled As Investors Say No After Fed Raises Concerns" – Bloomberg May 1, 2014

"Leveraged Loan Crackdown Drives Borrowers to 'Shadow Banks'" – FT April 29, 2014

"Banks Increase Borrowing From US Home-Loan System – Rise Attributed to Meeting Basel III Liquidity Rules" – WSJ, April 16, 2014

"We Will Dedicate Extraordinary Effort in 2014 Adapting to the New Global Financial Architecture" – Jamie Dimon, Chairman & CEO of JPMorgan Chase, writing in his 2013 Annual Letter to Shareholders



Central Counterparty in Repo Initiative in Canada

- Increased ability for participants to capture the benefit by netting down trades inside the CCP
- Expansion of the platform to include buyside participants
- The increasing amount of collateral tied up in margin at CCPs



Shortage of AAA Rated Collateral in the Financial System

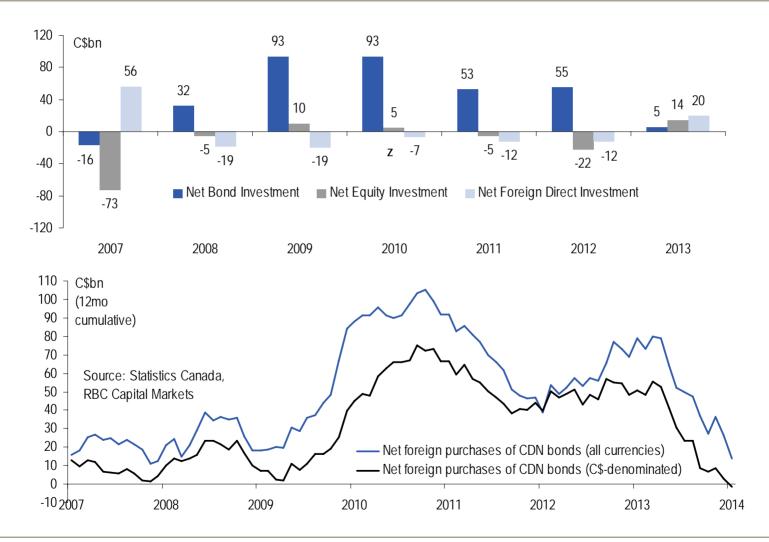
"Triple A Sovereign Ratings Deposed"

— FT, March 31st, 2014

"Not Enough 30-Year Bonds in \$12.1 Trillion Treasuries Market" — Bloomberg May 5, 2014

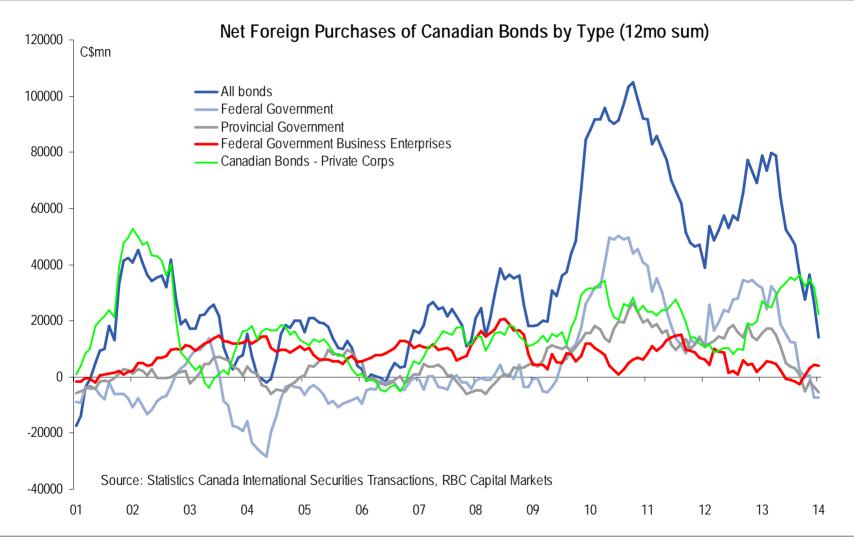


Flows into Canadian Bonds Have Supported the Currency, Capped Yields



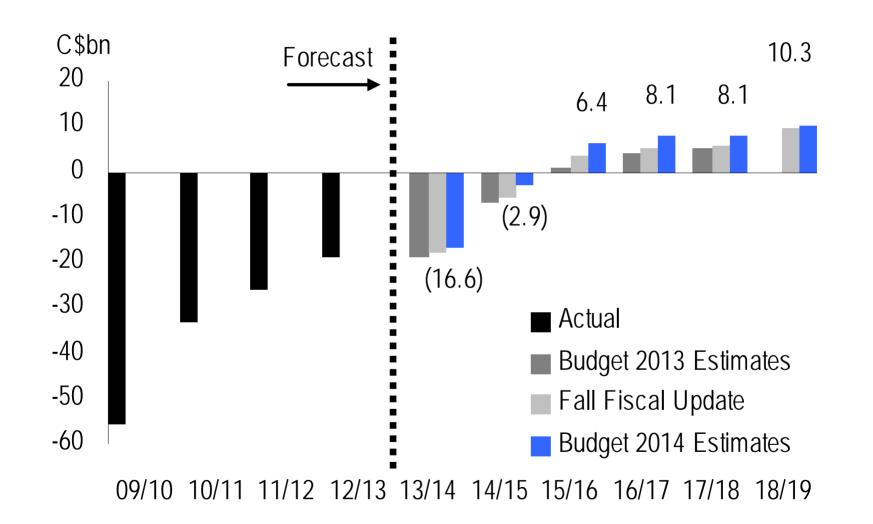


More Foreign Flows into Corps = Waning Safe-Haven Demand?



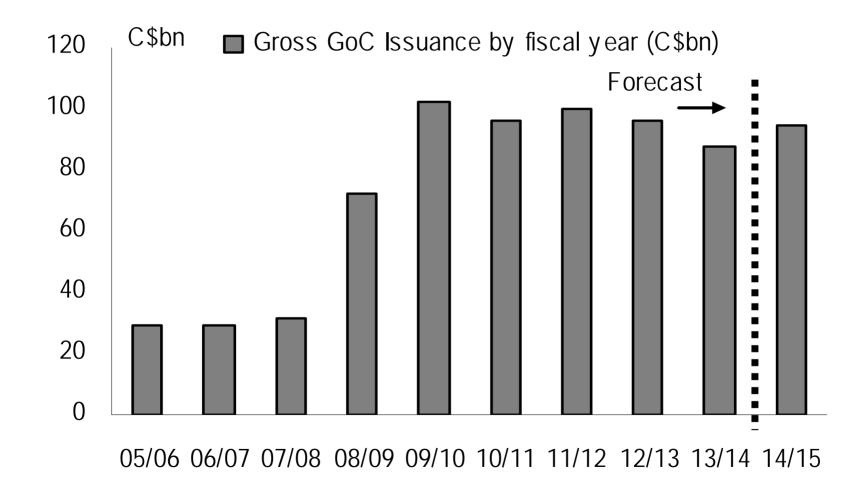


Canadian Federal Government Budgetary Balance

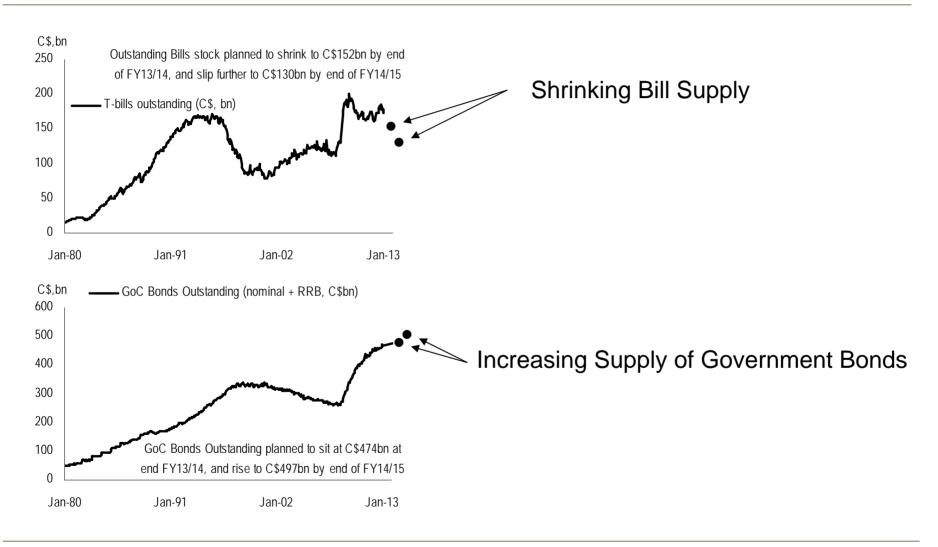




Gross GoC Issuance by Fiscal Year (C\$bn)



Canadian T-Bill Supply Expected to Shrink Further and Bonds Outstanding to Near C\$500bn



Source: Department of Finance, RBC Capital Markets



Central Bank Demand Has Held Up Reasonably Well

